

State Library

THE DAILY NEWS.
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Over W. C. Stronach's Store.
CASH—INVARIABLE IN ADVANCE.
The DAILY NEWS will be delivered to
subscribers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week,
payable to the carrier weekly. Mailed at
75 per annum; \$1.50 for six months; \$2 for
three months.
The WEEKLY NEWS at 25 per annum.

MORNING EDITION.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

NOON DISPATCHES.

Yellow Fever Items.

MARSHALL, TEXAS, Oct. 1.—Three residents were attacked by the yellow fever and two died. No cases originated here.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., Oct. 1st.—A number of persons have arrived here who report that the fever is raging alarmingly at Marshall, Texas.

No Change in the Financial Situation—Grant Gone to the Fair.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The financial situation closed yesterday without any new features. The liquidation of the Union National Bank of Chicago, had rather a depressing effect, but caused no excitement. Much anxiety exists. All are looking to New York for a solution of the difficulty.

Grant has gone to the Fair.

Suspension of the Cummings Car Company.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1st.—The Cummings Car Company, Jersey City, has suspended. The trouble is owing to large amounts due from railroads which cannot be collected.

Ravages of the Yellow Fever On Shipboard.

MELBOURNE, Oct. 1.—The steamer Punjab arrived from New Zealand with yellow fever aboard. Twenty-eight of the passengers had died.

Discharge of Workmen.

NEW YORK Oct. 1.—The Grant Locomotive works at Patterson have discharged 175 hands. The Delaware Tunnel has discharged 400.

Matters in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 1.—Matters are proceeding quietly. There were nine jobbing orders, but there is little disposition to operate on the usual large scale.

From Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 1st.—There were fourteen yellow fever interments yesterday.

Sister Gabriel, superior of the Franciscan order, is dead.

No Improvement at Shreveport.

NEW ORLEANS, October 1.—There is no improvement at Shreveport. The disease seems less virulent. Some relapses are reported.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK AFFAIRS.

The Prospect Grows Brighter and Brighter—Country Banks Returning Money Shipped to them—The American Association at the Suspension of H. Clews & Co.—A Great Billiard Match—Meeting of the American Bible Union.

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RALEIGH, N. C. THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 2, 1873.

NO. 27.

VOL. III.

LOCAL MATTER.

E. C. WOODSON, City Editor.

SPECIAL CITY ITEMS.

Wood for Sale—Apply Mr. OSBORN's Grain and Feed Store. Sept. 30, 31.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

Court commences on Monday. The Police Court had no cases to deal with yesterday.

The mowers are now busy at work saving the hay on Nash Square.

The Salisbury brass band has been engaged to play at the State Fair.

Letters to secure accommodation during Fair week are already being received in this city.

J. Y. Whitled, the well-known Hillsboro tobacco manufacturer, was in the city yesterday.

N. E. Jenkins, of Littleton, N. C. has been appointed a notary Public by Governor Caldwell.

Many of our citizens are indulging the hope that Harry Watkins and Mr. Price will head this way.

We return our thanks for an invitation to attend the Henderson Fair, which commences next Tuesday.

N. E. Jenkins, Esq., of Littleton, N. C. has been appointed a Notary Public by Gov. Caldwell.

A pair of excellent mules are for sale by Messrs. Thompson & Whittaker. See notice in another column.

Mr. N. W. West, of the firm of Julius Lewis & Co., of this city, killed a bear in Buncombe county during his recent trip to the mountains.

Shooting bats and swallows, so often indulged in by some of our city sportsmen, is a practice that should be abhorred. These birds are used by us as candidates for office. Party ties will not hold voters to support of any who are not felt to be fitted for public stations, by their integrity and capacity. The real object of this Convention must be to place in nomination men of the highest character and of undoubted capacity to conduct our State affairs. If this is done we can elect them.

Gains were made by the Democratic party at the election last spring. Popular currents have set in our favor. These town election also prove that a great number of those who have ever acted with Republicans are now united with us, if we give them candidates who deserve their support.

In a large number of towns and counties of this State there are two minorities. Liberal Republicans who cannot go with the administration and members of the Democratic party. They find when they go together they become the majority. Acting upon this fact at the Spring elections the united opposition candidates having regard only to numbers and strength, and the result was a gain of nearly one hundred towns, and the control of a number of counties heretofore opposed to us. Let us act in the same spirit of good sense and patriotism, and we shall not only carry the counties of New York and others gain a political strength in all its sections, but we shall also put our great State into its rightful position—that of the stronghold of those who seek to bring back our government to its ancient simplicity, accuracy and constitutional action. As this is a State and local election, we are relieved from the discussion of many subjects, with regard to which there are honest differences of opinion. Our great absorbing duty is to carry our State, and to give it a better administration, and a more fair and honest administration. To that point we must direct all of our thoughts to this end, and we must put in nomination a ticket made up of men with records so clean, so pure and so spotless so undoubted that we shall feel confident in our work is done, that it will be elected, because we shall know that it ought to be elected. If we do this, those citizens who gave us local victories last spring will continue to act with us, and will give us a victory in the State this autumn.

Gentlemen.—Bear in mind in all your actions that a good ticket makes certain triumph.

After the appointment of a committee on resolutions a recess was taken till evening.

The New York Money Market—Times Easter—Confidence Being Restored—The Panic at an End.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Money more available and at lower rates. No in the day loans were made at one-quarter per cent, but the rate declined to seven per cent, and there was a possible increase in the supply.

Confidence is being gradually restored, and no where is this more plainly felt than in the money market.

Money closed at one-eighth and interest one quarter flat. Exchange is in active demand and decidedly firm at 73.

Postponement of the Petition to Reckard to the Bankruptcy of Jay Cooke & Co.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 1.—In the United States Circuit Court, before Judge Cadwalader, the order granted last week upon the petition of Edward Wilson against Jay Cooke & Co., to show why they should not be adjudicated bankrupt, which was to have been returned to-day, was continued till next week at the request of the debtors and by the consent of the petitioner.

End of the Yellow Fever Panic in Montgomery.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Oct. 1.—No new cases of yellow fever for the last 24 hours. All apprehension is over. The five cases last reported as under treatment are doing well. The people who left are returning to their business and the yellow fever scare is at an end. No one apprehend danger in visiting Montgomery.

California Politics.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 1.—The State Central Committee of the People's Independent Party, met last night and perfected their organization. Pamphlets will be issued to the people of the State setting forth the objects, principles and policy of the party.

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JORDAN STONE, Managing Editor.
SAM'L T. WILLIAMS, Political Editor.
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1873.

The rich, out of their abundance should give becomingly; and the poor out of their poverty should give their mite to relieve the horrible sufferings of their fellow-creatures at Shreveport.

The New York *Daily Graphic* is not now the only illustrated daily in the world. The columns of the *RALEIGH DAILY NEWS* this morning show that we have also entered the list. The *Daily Graphic* may now look to its laurels, while we ask the public to look to our pictures.

At Shreveport, seven hundred persons are lying sick with the fever. Many poor who are not sick are unable to get away, are without any means of subsistence, are without employment, with starvation staring them in the face. This picture is a sad but true one, and needs no language to make it gloomier.

The President thinks the Government has done all that it can do to relieve the banks, and he refuses to do anything more. He says the whole system of those N. Y. banks which are operated for the benefit of stock-jobbers is rotten to the core, and if the Government yields to their demands now, they may want relief every sixty days hereafter.

BARNUM got the telegraph operators to do a little gratuitous advertising for him, in sending the despatch yesterday from Philadelphia, which every paper that takes the telegrams had to pay for, announcing the death of BARNUM's rhinoceros!

BARNUM always has an eye to the rhino, and fully understands the power of printer's ink.

Why cannot the State Agricultural Society offer a premium at the State Fair for the best dinner cooked by a young lady? At the recent Georgia State Fair, such a contest was the most interesting feature of the week and the awards were made amid considerable excitement. The premium cake at our last State Fair was made by a young lady of Raleigh.

Soon after WILKIE COLLINS arrived in New York, he was tendered a reception by the Lotos Club, a literary association of high standing in that city.

The reception took place on last Saturday evening at the Lotos Clubhouse, which was crowded with its own members and invited guests, prominent representatives of literature, art and the drama.

Mr. WHITELAW REID, of the New York *Tribune*, presented Mr. COLLINS in a very handsome little speech, which was happily responded to by the distinguished guest.

Among the prominent gentlemen present were JOHN G. SAXE, BRET HARTE, Gen. IRVIN McDOWELL, DR. CHAPIN, Prof. YOUNGANS and others known to fame, many of whom responded to toasts at a late hour, in the supper-room.

We trust Mr. COLLINS will visit the Southern States before he returns to Europe.

Our office was honored yesterday by a visit from Hon. ABRAHAM WENABLE, of Granville county, who was returning home from a visit to Statesville, N. C., where he spent the summer at the residence of his relative, Rev. S. TAYLOR MARTIN.

Mr. WENABLE has a national reputation and is one of the most distinguished living North Carolinians. He is now seventy-four years of age, and, although time and infirmity have left their traces upon a form once tall, erect and athletic, yet we were pleased to find him quite cheerful and apparently in good health, and we trust that he may be spared many years to his family and friends.

Mr. WENABLE has filled many positions of distinction in the councils of the State and the nation. In the Congress of the United States, he was regarded as one of the leading men from the South and as one of the ablest members of that body. He was the bosom friend of JOHN C. CALHOUN, who entertained a warm friendship for him, until his death.

Mr. WENABLE was present at the death-bed of the great South Carolina statesman—heard his dying messages and closed his eyes after the disembodied spirit had fled. As a brilliant conversationalist, as a profound thinker and writer, as a speaker capable at times of the highest flights of eloquence, as a man of vast erudition and originality of thought, Mr. WENABLE's talents, combined with his pleasant social qualities and genial manners, mark him as one of the most eminent men of the times. Such men are few and far between in these days of political pygmies, and their visits, if not so rare as angels, serve to recall the times when there were intellectual giants in the land.

Dr. McCosh's "Indiscretion."

The Washington *Republican* thinks that Dr. McCosh, the President of Princeton College, was "indiscreet in writing another letter regarding his Elimination speech." The *Republican* adds:

"The objectionable feature in the Doctor's speech seems to have been embodied in the following proposition:

"It seems to me that the General Government, which has felt duly

constrained to interfere from time to time with the Southern States, will require to take a further step and educate the people to whom, rightly or wrongly, it has given the franchise."

This is construed by the Democrats to whom we have referred to mean that the Government shall interfere directly to provide for the education of the blacks. We agree that no other construction can be placed upon it, and trust that Dr. McCosh does not stand by it. The declaration of Mr. Fairchild, of Kentucky, that the old slaveholders are opposed to popular education is true. Although Dr. McCosh remained in the South but three months, he learned enough of the habits and thoughts of the people of that section to know that Fairchild spoke the truth. It therefore becomes him at this time to withdraw or attempt to modify a proposition based upon that truth. It is possible that his speech may have detracted from the popularity in the South of Princeton; but his amende at this late hour will not avail to restore that popularity. Now, let him come out boldly and frankly as becomes an eminent Christian gentleman and a leading spirit in the promotion of our educational interests, with suggestions as to the manner of executing his original proposition. In no other way can he recover the ground he has lost by his blundering apology, and in no other way can he effectively serve the interests of his college. Let him point out the way to accomplish the education of the slaves of the South, and he will confer a greater favor on the people who find fault with that proposition than is possible for them, hide-bound as they are now with pre-judgments against the blacks, to appreciate."

Then the *RALEIGH NEWS* was right in its construction of Dr. McCosh's language at Elmira. His position there, if it meant anything, was that it is the duty of the General Government to establish popular schools for the education of the freedmen, or, as the *Washington Republican* puts it, that the Government should "interfere directly to provide for the education of the blacks."

McCosh's language, and that paper regret that Dr. McCosh does not stand by it.

The *Republican* endorses the slander of Fairchild that the old slaveholders are opposed to popular education.

In doing this, the *Republican* endorses an infamous falsehood. That journal, although it is the President's acknowledged mouth-piece and is published at the capital of the nation, is almost as ignorant of the true sentiments and character of the people of the Southern States, as a Hotentot or a Heathen Chinese.

Its assertion that the old slaveholders at the South, who, by common consent, are universally acknowledged to possess a very large share of the respectability, learning, piety and character of their section, are opposed to popular education, is no reflection upon those against whom this slander is uttered, but is a reflection on either the ignorance or malice of the person who utters it. If the *Republican* has made this assertion because it knows no better, then its Editor has exhibited an ignorance that is but one remove above crime. It is an ignorance that is astonishing, pitiable—nay, contemptible; for it is *criminal ignorance*. If the *Republican* can make the assertion from hatred of the South and her institutions, then its slander proceeds from a heart too base and ignoble for many sentiments or honorable instincts. Its foul possessor may glory and revel in his denunciation and detraction of a class of people as far above him in every element of true gentility, honor and manhood as their characters are above his envenomed shafts. From their high position they can look down with loathing and contempt upon the wretched Spaniel that crawls at the foot-stool of power, and licks the hand of the master who feeds and flatters him for his parasitic whining.

As to Princeton College and its President we have this to say: We have a partiality for Princeton above any other institution at the North. Some of the first statesmen of the South were educated there. Our own lamented and honored GASTON was proud to claim it as his *Alma Mater*, and numbers of distinguished North Carolinians received instruction at this celebrated seat of learning. Hon. A. W. VENABLE, of Granville county, is an alumnus of Princeton, as is likewise Judge DANIEL G. FOWLER, of this city. We would, not do injustice to any Northern institution—and especially an institution for which we have such a high regard as the College of New Jersey; but we must be permitted to say that its venerable President has, unwittingly, perhaps, struck his own institution a heavy blow in the popular and remarkable position he assumed at Elmira, and it is a blow from which it will not recover so long as Dr. McCosh remains at the head of its Faculty.

Dr. McCosh's great learning, reputation and ability, as a profound thinker and writer, as a speaker capable at times of the highest flights of eloquence, as a man of vast erudition and originality of thought, Dr. McCosh's talents, combined with his pleasant social qualities and genial manners, mark him as one of the most eminent men of the times. Such men are few and far between in these days of political pygmies, and their visits, if not so rare as angels, serve to recall the times when there were intellectual giants in the land.

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5781 RALEIGH, N.C.

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NOT UNTIL OCTOBER 10TH!
LENT AT LAST!
THE NEW SENSATION FOR THE SOUTH!
FIRST GRAND SOUTHERN TOUR!

W. H. LEVIAHAN,
UNIVERSAL LIVING EXPOSITION!
Great and Only New York Circus and Metropolitan Musical Brigade.

EVERYTHING FOR THE SOUTHERN TOUR!

WEATHER THE VERY BEST AXES that will be manufactured by skilled workmen in very superior material, and trust that we will receive the support of the trade.

ORDERS FILLED IMMEDIATELY.

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GEORGE T. STRONACH & BROTHER, Agents.

TAPPY, LUMSDEN & CO., Manufacturers.

These presses operate with infinite speed, require less labor and pack as heavy

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Send for Price List.

J. A. PARKER,
Sept 25-1873.

NEW AND SPLENDID STOCK

of Merchandise at

WYATT, GREEN & CO.

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Its assertion that the old slaveholders at the South, who, by common consent, are universally acknowledged to possess a very large share of the respectability, learning, piety and character of their section, are opposed to popular education, is no reflection upon those against whom this slander is uttered, but is a reflection on either the ignorance or malice of the person who utters it. If the *Republican* has made this assertion because it knows no better, then its Editor has exhibited an ignorance that is but one remove above crime. It is an ignorance that is astonishing, pitiable—nay, contemptible; for it is *criminal ignorance*. If the *Republican* can make the assertion from hatred of the South and her institutions, then its slander proceeds from a heart too base and ignoble for many sentiments or honorable instincts. Its foul possessor may glory and revel in his denunciation and detraction of a class of people as far above him in every element of true gentility, honor and manhood as their characters are above his envenomed shafts. From their high position they can look down with loathing and contempt upon the wretched Spaniel that crawls at the foot-stool of power, and licks the hand of the master who feeds and flatters him for his parasitic whining.

As to Princeton College and its President we have this to say: We have a partiality for Princeton above any other institution at the North. Some of the first statesmen of the South were educated there. Our own lamented and honored GASTON was proud to claim it as his *Alma Mater*, and numbers of distinguished North Carolinians received instruction at this celebrated seat of learning. Hon. A. W. VENABLE, of Granville county, is an alumnus of Princeton, as is likewise Judge DANIEL G. FOWLER, of this city. We would, not do injustice to any Northern institution—and especially an institution for which we have such a high regard as the College of New Jersey; but we must be permitted to say that its venerable President has, unwittingly, perhaps, struck his own institution a heavy blow in the popular and remarkable position he assumed at Elmira, and it is a blow from which it will not recover so long as Dr. McCosh remains at the head of its Faculty.

Dr. McCosh's "Indiscretion."

The Washington *Republican* thinks that Dr. McCosh, the President of Princeton College, was "indiscreet in writing another letter regarding his Elimination speech." The *Republican* adds:

"The objectionable feature in the Doctor's speech seems to have been embodied in the following proposition:

"It seems to me that the General Government, which has felt duly

constrained to interfere from time to time with the Southern States, will require to take a further step and educate the people to whom, rightly or wrongly, it has given the franchise."

This is construed by the Democrats to whom we have referred to mean that the Government shall interfere directly to provide for the education of the blacks. We agree that no other construction can be placed upon it, and trust that Dr. McCosh does not stand by it.

Then the *RALEIGH NEWS* was right in its construction of Dr. McCosh's language at Elmira. His position there, if it meant anything, was that it is the duty of the General Government to establish popular schools for the education of the freedmen, or, as the *Washington Republican* puts it, that the Government should "interfere directly to provide for the education of the blacks."

The *Republican* says that "no other construction" can be placed on Dr. McCosh's language, and that paper regret that Dr. McCosh does not stand by it.

The *Republican* endorses the slander of Fairchild that the old slaveholders are opposed to popular education.

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THE DAILY NEWS.

THURSDAY.....OCTOBER 2, 1852.

NORTH CAROLINA.

The health of Wilmington is said to be excellent. The Wilmington harbor is rapidly filling up with shipping.

Solicitor Joyce is recovering from his recent attack of fever.

Religious services are progressing in various parts of the State.

A large sweet potato crop was made in the vicinity of Wilmington.

During the past several weeks the crops have greatly improved in size and quality.

The Wilmington railroad officials have agreed to receive certified checks instead of currency.

A large educational meeting was held at Oak Grove Church, Jones county, on the 26th ult. So say the Newbern *Times*.

A conflict has arisen in Wilmington between the local and State authorities. The "matter began by the arrest of parties in a trivial case.

The Charlotte *Observor* of the 30th ult., has an account of a murder committed last week somewhere between Dallas and Shelby. Two men named Owens and Check, from South Carolina, were travelling together in a wagon to Shelby. Check had money in his possession, and Owens finding it out, murdered him. The murderer took one of the horses and left for parts unknown.

The times of holding the Superior Courts of the Third Judicial district by His Honor, Judge Clarke, are as follows:

Onslow, Oct. 6, to 18.

Lenoir, " 20, to Nov. 1.

Jones, " 3, to Nov. 15.

Green, " 17, to

Carteret, Dec. 1, to " 13.

Pamlico, " 15, to

Craven extra winter term, Dec. 22.

Says the Wilmington *Journal* of the 30th ult.:

"A white woman, Mrs. Williams, attempted to commit suicide yesterday morning by taking laudanum. Fortunately, the attempt was discovered in time; the necessary medical attendance was provided, remedies were applied and the rash woman is now in a 'fair' way to fully recover from the consequences of the attempt. The cause is said to have originated in great destitution, and we are glad to learn that the Ladies' Benevolent Society have since taken the patient in charge."

Says the Wilmington *Star* of the 30th instant: "We learn that Hon. A. M. Waddell has been engaged for some time past in preparing a lecture or essay on the early history of North Carolina, compiled from the most authentic sources, which it is expected will establish beyond the possibility of doubt the existence of a civilized colony of the Caucasian race in this vicinity at least 2,000 years before the birth of Columbus. We have not had the pleasure of seeing the lecture, but learn that it is an admirable production of surpassing beauty and interest."

An exchange concludes that Mecklenburg county is alive to the necessity of internal improvements, the county having at sundry times issued \$320,000 of county bonds to aid in building railroads in that county, to-wit: \$60,000, subscribed to the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford railroad, issued in 1858—\$200,000, subscribed to Charlotte and Atlanta railroad, issued in 1870, and \$60,000, subscribed to Charlotte and Sumterville railroad, issued in 1873. The result of this enlightened policy is said to be that the value of real estate in Mecklenburg county has doubled, and Charlotte is fast becoming one of the most prosperous towns in the South.

There have been practiced various effectual modes of dispersing a crowd. Napoleon believed in "a little more grape," for it was in revolutionary times, and in turbulent Paris, it is much more difficult to "scatter" a crowd peacefully assembled. In London, like "poor Joe," the order is to move on—sometimes obeyed and sometimes disobeyed. In the latter case the police handle their clubs, and their opponents take to fists, sticks, and stones—occasionally to iron park railings twisted off. Turning on the fire engines has been known to cool the ardor of an excited gathering wonderfully. It melts away like the dissolving groups at an agricultural fair in a shower. In New York, during the panic, it became necessary to open in some manner the closed street—notably in front of the Stock Exchange. So the police cleared the sidewalk. The indomitable brokers assembled in the street. The police were equal to the emergency. They collected a lot of trucks and heavy vehicles, and had them up and down. The brokers stood it as long as possible; but dodging, scattering, and harkly escaping ran over, was an additional excitement that was too much even for them, and the streets were cleared.

A baggage agent on a Georgia railroad died recently in Atlanta. The attachés of the road made provision for his burial expenses, furnishing his *burial* things, a suit of black broadcloth in which to dress the corpse. His wife objected to having those fine clothes buried in the ground, and brought out some of her husband's old *apparel*, in which the bereaved wife's brother wore the clothes furnished by the dead man's companions to church.

The PROFESSIONAL TEA—As an illustration of the wide-spread use of a certain popular item, it is related that a gentleman recently stepped into a tea room in Denver, and cried out in a loud, cheery tone, "Hello! come, Professor, take a drink." Six men sitting in the saloon at once arose and came forward, while a bootblack, whose stand was just outside the door, and a passing corn doctor also smilingly accepted the invitation and stepped into the

The Savannah *Advertiser*, in commenting on the orange crop in the vicinity of that city, remarks: "Never was there anything like it. Owners of orange groves at a distance will be astonished when they return and find the advance of the golden investments."

Joshua Owings, aged eighty-one, married a Mrs. Reagan, aged thirty-two, in Lexington, Ky., the other day. There was to have been a grand wedding, but the grandchildren threatened to shoot the person who married them, and the affair did not come off.

The Houston-Galveston dispute over the two thousand dollar bribe asked to remove the quarantine against the yellow fever at Galveston, has taken the shape of an avalanche of articles in the daily papers. First, we have a report from the investigating committee, which was unanimous. Then comes the statement of one William Campbell, who made the proposition in the name, as he averred, of a Houston Alderman, to have the embargo removed, for two thousand dollars! He refused to give the name of his principal. Then comes a card of Mayor Heydey, of Galveston, stating that the bribe was asked of a committee, of which he was one. Then we have, most important of all, the card of the Houston Aldermen, asserting individually, that the statement of Campbell is untrue, and that, "any man making or circulating the said assertion, is a liar and a scoundrel." Among the signers is Henry Henricks. This brought Campbell. He says, in reply, "I regret deeply the necessity which compels me to name the person asking the bribe. It was Alderman Henry Henricks."

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TOWERING GIANT AMONG COTTON FIELDS.

THE GREAT 12 CENTRE-POLE TENT

AND WATER WAGON

WILL EXHIBIT AT

RALEIGH, IN

RALEIGH, N. C.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3rd.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

THREE PERFORMANCES, at 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. Doors open one hour previous. A Ticket Wagon will be open on Fayetteville Street from 9 A. M. to 12 M., where tickets can be purchased, thus avoiding the rush on the ground.

ADMISSION CHILDREN UNDER 10 YEARS 50 CENTS.

FOR LONG AGO.

Two roses bloomed upon a tree;
The summer leaves touched with every
sawing.
I bent to gather one, while she
sat on the other gently saying,
When this will grow and climb life this,
And Death almost appears with it.
To take but one, 'twere great folly,
To both for death to write them both.

Least Lov'd Dead Lov'd! They come and go
The summer leaves, I only know.

There is a light upon the hours,
No sun is like the one bright sun.

What is the season, Indian weather,
Which she said these flowers were one,

And death should span or smite together,

An Impromptu Wedding.

A Missouri paper gives a detailed account of how a betrothed couple were persuaded to anticipate the day for their wedding, and to have the ceremony abruptly performed at a birth-day party, at which they changed to be guests. It says: "Recorder Thesis was also present, and as soon as he saw the young couple come in, with an eye to business he suggested that if anybody was present who wished to be married he was at their service. The young couple took the hint. The young man was willing but the maiden was backward and would not consent. Adam concluded to use a little diplomacy, so he says: 'I will make a present of a \$35 cooking-stove to any couple that I shall marry to-night.'

This proposition so delighted the company that others commenced offering presents. F. G. Mueller said, "I will give a nice bureau"; F. G. Ahlman, "And I'm a spring mattress"; F. G. Ahlman, the hatter, "Call on me for a rocking-chair"; Miller, the gunsmith, "I'll give a set of cushion-bottom chairs"; Mr. Volk, "And here's an extension-table"; Mrs. Anna, Nitelock, "I'll give a \$50 bedstead"; Mr. Gatz, "Put me down for a fine looking glass"; Mr. Mitchell, "Here's a breakfast set"; Miss Frits Nitelock, "I'll give a clock" and so they went on until the presents in the aggregate amounted to about \$400, the young couple meaning to blushing and hardly knowing what to say or do. Several friends of the young lady got around her, and told her she would not again have such a favorable opportunity to 'make a start in the world'; and just as the party was breaking up about 11 o'clock Mr. Huston, who seemed to be working in Adam's interest and urgent on the march, came to the Rockwood and whispered in his ear: "Stop a little; it's all right—by chance we're getting a wedding anyhow soon." Adam called a halt; the company stood still in hats and bonnets, while the Recorder proceeded and said: "I pronounce you man and wife, and may God bless you," and Miss Stierin was Mrs. Green, to the intense delight of all present."

GRANT'S ORPHAN CO. Mr. Hill happened to be in the city of Washington. He had been there before—a member of Congress. Civility caused him to visit Grant. In company with a distinguished senator from New England he went to the White House. A small trotting-wagon, to which was attached a smaller animal, stood beneath the porch in front of the main entrance. As Mr. Hill and his senatorial friend approached the door it was opened, and through it came the President.

"Good morning, Mr. President," said Grant. "Good morning," replied Grant, continuing. "Senator, you see that colt? Well, that colt's born since I came into this house, and he's going to trot in less than 250 before I leave it. He's an orphan, brought up by hand, and born since I have been here."

"Mr. President," said the Senator, "allow me to present Mr. Hill, ex-member of Congress."

Grant shakes the ex-member's hand, and continues: "That colt's an orphan, born since I came to this house, and he's going to trot in less than 250 before I leave it."

With these words still on the air the President mounted his buggy, bowed to his callers, and drove into the avenue.—*Cincinnati Commercial*.

THE REWARD OF POLITENESS.—Politeness to the aged, it appears, pays. In Bennington, Vt., there is a young man named Carr, who has been uniformly kind and respectful to an old gentleman named Cunningham. This old gentleman was reputed to be poor, as he was no more than a day laborer. But the other day the kind and respectful young person was most agreeably thunderstruck, for he was presented by the grateful old gentleman with the deed of a farm worth \$12,000. So it appears that the old gentleman named Cunningham was a (pecuniary) angel in disguise. Moral: Be good to old people always and under any circumstances.

HARDWARE.

THE ALL RIGHT COOKING STOVE.

Buy no other until you see it.

IT CANNOT BE EXCELLED.

The number of thousands now using the daily fully justifies the above assertion, and it has become the most popular and the leading COOK STOVE wherever manufactured. It is the only one of any value, we again call attention to some of its points of excellence:

It is the best material and the best built. It is the most compact and symmetrical in shape. It has the largest and heaviest top. It has the largest and deepest oven. It has the largest and deepest oven. It has the most rapid and even heat. It has the most rapid and even heat. It is less liable to break than any other stove. It is not only a good stove, but it is a superior one.

WITHOUT A SUPERIOR

For sale by

JULIUS LEWIS & CO.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Paints and Dyes in Paints, Glass

Warehouses, Cutlery, Stoves,

Wood Materials, etc.

May 17-18

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL,

Has now the established reputation of

being in every respect the

Safe and most Reliable

Oil Made,

From millions of Gallons sold, no accidents

HAVE EVER OCCURRED.

It burns in the ordinary Kerosene Lamp, lantern, Oil Lamp, and Candlestick.

JULIUS LEWIS & CO.,

Agents, Raleigh, N. C.

Sept 17-18

CAROLINA MILITARY INSTITUTE,

Charlotte, N. C.

Will be opened on October 1st next, J. P. Thomas, Sup't., assisted by Gen. D. H. Hill and other officers. Applications for admission to be made to the undersigned, apply to the undersigned for circulars.

and Dim.

DRY GOODS.

1873.

1873.

THIRD STOCK THIS SEASON.

J. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

Are now receiving their purchases made

in the last few days in the Northern

markets, and are better prepared than ever

to supply the trade with the most fashion-

able and desirable Goods in their several

departments, of

Ladies Dress Goods.

Men's and Boys' Goods.

Children's Goods.

Silk Goods.

Linen Goods.

Cotton Goods.

Lace Goods.

Straw Goods.

Hair Goods.

Foreign Goods.

Domestic Goods.

Medium Goods.

Fine Goods.

Choicest Goods.

This last, with the former purchase of

this Spring, makes our stock the

Largest and Most Complete

in the State, which we are offering at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

at prices that must attract the trade.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

may 14-15

FRESH GOODS.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

Choice Sugared and Plain Hams.

SOUTHAMPTON HAMS AND SIDES.

CONIGLAND & D. DAY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

HALIFAX, N. C.

Practice in all the Courts of Halifax

and Edgemere counties and the Supreme Court.

Attorneys in the Supreme Court of the State in the Federal Court at Raleigh.

ED CONIGLAND, W. H. DAY

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

HALIFAX, N. C.

Practice in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining counties.

With special attention to collecting and

settling business, and to adjusting the

accounts of executors, administrators and guardians.

The Junior partner will attend at his office in Weldon on Saturdays and Mondays of each week.

ALEX. H. SMITH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

Will practice in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining counties.

Collections attended to in all parts of the State.

May 14-15

PRESERVED GINGER

— AND —

FRUIT.

E D A M C H E E S E .

CANNED FISH

AND VEGETABLES.

Spanish Queen Olives and Capers.

Mackerel and Cod Fish.

SUGAR CURED

BREAKFAST SHOULDERS.

sept 14-15

W. C. STRONACH,

A. G. LEE & MCMACKIN,

CO. & CO.

COTTON,

FLOUR,

GRAIN,

FOREIGN

and other country produce solicited.

General Agents for the sale of James

River

and other products.

CEMENT,

and other materials.

General Commission Merchants

P. O. Box 222,

RALEIGH, N. C.

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